

Henry2: Scientific Visualization with ParaView

ParaView is an open-source, multi-platform data analysis and visualization application.

A small subset of supported file types:

ANSYS	EnSight	FLASH
FVCOM	Fluent	LAMMPS
MPAS	NetCDF	OpenFOAM
SAS	VASP	VTK
Xdmf	Tecplot	Protein Data Bank

Users may write new readers for additional file types.

A small subset of supported operators:

Contour	Histogram	Slice
Scatter Plot	Clip	Surface Flow
Threshold	Plot over Time	Resample
K Means	Stream Tracing	Isosurfaces
Particle Tracer	Interpolate	Convert to Molecule

Users may write additional operators in Python.

Difficulties with Visualization on HPC

Visualizing directly on HPC:

- Speed of rendering a window

Visualizing on a local computer:

- Speed of transferring files
- Space limitations
- Compute limitations

Mitigating the difficulties of using HPC for visualization

HPC-VCL:

- Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) renders faster than SSH X11 tunnelling
- Calculations done on a VCL node (8 GB RAM) or an interactive compute node (up to 500 GB RAM)
- No need to transfer files

- Rendering may still be slow compared to a local window

Too slow to render: Another option

NC State University Libraries:

- High-end workstations with attached GPUs
<https://www.lib.ncsu.edu/spaces/dataspace>
- You still need to transfer data from HPC

Too slow to render, too much data to transfer

PvBatch Server - Paraview without a GUI

- Transfer only a single file and visualize with the GUI
- Record the commands to a Python script
- Use LSF to submit the script as a ParaView job using PvBatch Server
- No need for data transfer massive amounts of data

What's the catch?

- *You need to learn a teeny bit of Python*

Video Demo Notes:

The video shows

- Rendering of a dataset on the HPC-VCL
- Saving a state file of the final graphic
- Recording the steps of loading the state and exporting graphics into a Python script
- Running the Python script using LSF

Basic Steps for a compute intensive visualization workflow

Render and record locally:

- Use the Libraries computer or a local computer.
- Transfer a single file from the HPC to that computer.
- Use the interactive GUI to create the desired visualizations.
- Save the final state of the session or record the steps taken with Python using the ParaView automatic tools.

Run on HPC:

- Use the HPC provided example to add a loop over datafiles to the recorded workflow (a Python script).
- Do a small test batch - only loop over a few files or timesteps and check the results.
- After a successful test, expand your loop to include all your data.
- Submit to LSF.

Workflow:

- To follow the tutorial, get the files from Henry2 and copy to your /share directory

```
cp /usr/local/apps/examples/video_tutorials/paraview_demo.tar .  
tar -xvf paraview_demo.tar  
cd paraview_demo
```

- To follow the tutorial on a local computer, get the files with scp

```
scp unityid@login.hpc.ncsu.edu:/usr/local/apps/examples/video_tutorials/paraview_demo.tar .
```

- The directory has the LSF submit script, submit.csh, the required input files, and the saved files that were generated during the demo. You will only need the input files and submit script. You will generate the output, the ParaView state file and the Python script as you follow the demo.

- Make a reservation of the HPC-VCL. [Use the instructions from the website.](#)
- Log in to the HPC-VCL.
- Load ParaView and start the GUI

```
module load paraview  
paraview --mesa
```

- In the ParaView GUI, do

File:Open

File name: (...)/paraview_demo/input/t1d_1.nc

Open Data With: NetCDF Reader

Apply

Choose Surface

Set Range: 0 - 16.1276, Rescale and disable automatic rescaling

- Continue in the ParaView GUI, do
 - Choose Preset:Rainbow Desaturated:Apply:Close
 - Choose Preset:Blue Orange:Apply:Close
 - Undo
 - Undo
 - Redo
 - Add Filter:Common:Contour
 - Isosurfaces:Add Range:From 0, To 16, Steps 17:ok:Apply
 - Clear error
 - Click t1d_1.nc in Pipeline Browser to reactivate
 - Click Contour1
 - Coloring>Edit:black

- Continue in the ParaView GUI, do
 - (If the Point Size and Line Width is not visible, click the Settings wheel to see all options.)
 - Styling:Line Width:3
 - File:Save State:(../paraview_demo/t1d
 - Exit
- Load ParaView and start the GUI (again)
 - `module load paraview`
 - `paraview --mesa`
- Check the State File - In the ParaView GUI, do
 - Load State File:(../paraview_demo/t1d.pvsm
 - Load State Options:Choose File Names
 - Clear error messages
 - Close ParaView

- Record the Script - In the ParaView GUI, do
 - Tools:Start Trace
 - Load State File:(...)/paraview_demo/t1d.pvsm
 - Load State Options:Choose File Names
 - Clear error messages
 - Save Screenshot:t1d
 - Export View:SVG:t1d
 - Tools:Stop Trace
 - File:Save As:(...)/paraview_demo/t1d_script.py
- On the HPC, if the pvsm file and script files are names as defined above, submitting the script should be successful without modification:

```
bsub < submit.csh
```

- On the HPC, modify the Python script by changing the input files and output files. Replace “t1d_1” with “t1d_4” and resubmit the job:

```
bsub < submit.csh
```

- Look at the output files with the display command:

```
display output/t1d_1.png
```

Automate batch processing

- The demo package includes a sample Python code that adds a loop over a number of input files. There are 5 input files in this demo.
- To run:

```
cp /usr/local/apps/examples/video_tutorials/paraview_demo.tar .  
tar -xvf paraview_demo.tar  
cd paraview_demo  
cp loop_files/* .
```

- Look at the file `t1d_script_loop.py`. Compare it with the autogenerated one (`demo_files/t1d_script.py`). Change the user modified section to reflect where your copy of `paraview_demo` is located, then run the script with LSF.

```
bsub < submit.csh
```

- This should generate 10 files, two for each available input file.